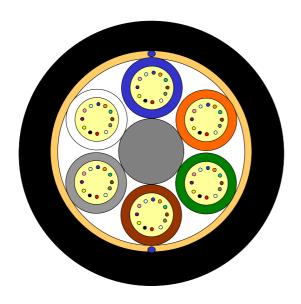
# **Loose Tube Fibre Optic Outdoor Cable**

## 6 Element All Dielectric Design

# MiDia® Dry Core Cable



Issue October 2013 according to **OFS Generic Specification** 



## **Application**

Optimised for Air-Blown Installation

## Design

- Optical Fibres
- Gel-filled Buffer Tubes
- Non-metallic Central Member
- Water Blocking Material
- Ripcords
- PE-Jacket

#### **Features**

- Small tubes for a reduced outer diameter
- Dry Core Design Cable core water blocked by means of dry "water swellable" technology - for quicker, cleaner cable prep for jointing
- Individual coloured tubes

Version illustrated is the 72 Fibre Cable

Fibre Count	Tubes	Core Design	Outer Diameter [mm]	Cable Weight [kg/km]	Standard Length [m]	AT-Code**
12	2 (6F)	1+6 (5 Fillers*)	7.5	45	2000 / 4000 / 6000 / 8000	AT-[ ][ ][ ]15C6-012-NM
24	2 (12F)	1+6 (4 Fillers*)	7.5	45	2000 / 4000 / 6000 / 8000	AT-[ ][ ][ ]15CT-024-NM
48	4 (12F)	1+6 (2 Fillers*)	7.5	45	2000 / 4000 / 6000 / 8000	AT-[ ][ ][ ]15CT-048-NM
60	5 (12F)	1+6 (1 Fillers*)	7.5	45	2000 / 4000 / 6000 / 8000	AT-[ ][ ][ ]15CT-060-NM
72	6 (12F)	1+6	7.5	45	2000 / 4000 / 6000 / 8000	AT-[ ][ ][ ]15CT-072-NM

This table shows nominal diameter and weight values which may differ in shipments.

## Identification

### **Tube and Fibre Colour Code:**

1	Blue	2	Orange	3	Green	4	Brown	5	Grey	6	White
7	Red	8	Black	9	Yellow	10	Violet	11	Rose	12	Aqua

Alternative tube and fibre colour code available on request

#### **Sheath Marking**

## OFS OPTICAL CABLE MIDIA [ID] [MM/YYYY] [Handset Sign] xxxF [Meter Marking]

Alternative sheath printing available on request.

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<sup>\*</sup>Fillers are natural coloured \*\*Please refer to the OFS AT- Code. The blanks specify the fibre type.

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## **Mechanical Properties and Environmental Behaviour**

Tests according to IEC 60794

	Parameter	Requirement	Value
Tensile Performance:	Long term load	- No attenuation increase*	Load: 500 N
IEC 60794-1-2-E1A and E1B		- No fibre strain	
	Short term load, during installation	<ul><li>No changes in attenuation before versus after load</li><li>Max. fibre strain 0.5%</li></ul>	Load: 1250 N
Crush Performance:	Long term load	- No attenuation increase*	Load (Plate / Plate): 500 N
IEC 60794-1-2-E3	Short term load	<ul> <li>No changes in attenuation before versus after load</li> <li>No damage**</li> </ul>	Load (Plate / Plate): 1000 N
Bending Performance:	Handling fixed installed	- No attenuation increase*	Bend radius: 15xD
IEC 60794-1-2-E11	During installation (under Load)	<ul> <li>No changes in attenuation before versus after load</li> </ul>	Bend radius: 25xD  D is the diameter of the cable
Temperatures:	Operation	- No attenuation increase*	-30 to +70°C
IEC 60794-1-2-F1	Installation Storage/Shipping		-15 to +40°C -40 to +70°C

<sup>\*</sup>No changes in attenuation means that any changes in measurement value, either positive or negative within the uncertainty of measurement shall be ignored. The total uncertainty of measurement shall be less than of equal to 0.05 dB.

## **Shipping Information**

Cable Length	Drum Dimensions (approx.)		Shipping Weight (calc.)		
	Diameter(battened)	Width	Without lagging	With lagging	
2000 m	1050 mm	790 mm	145 kg	170 kg	
4000 m	1050 mm	790 mm	235 kg	260 kg	
6000 m	1250 mm	790 mm	350 kg	380 kg	
8000 m	1450 mm	790 mm	470 kg	510 kg	

The shipping information are given for one-way reels. Reusable reels are available on request.

The information is believed to be accurate at time of issue.

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Please ensure you have the latest version of the data sheet.

This data sheet is property of OFS.

For additional information please contact your sales representative.

You can also visit our

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Mechanical damage – when examined visually without magnification, there shall be no evidence of damage to the sheath. The imprint of plates will not be considered as damage.





The industry's first zero water peak single-mode fibre for reliable full-spectrum performance + enhanced bend performance.

#### Overview

AllWave®+ Zero Water Peak (ZWP) Single-Mode Optical Fibre improves performance for optical transmission systems operating over any part of the entire wavelength range from 1260 nm to 1625 nm compared with conventional single-mode fibre. AllWave+ Fibre offers the exceptional performance of our AllWave Fibre specifications along with a 40% smaller minimum bend radius, a 50% lower bend loss and a 33% improved polarization mode dispersion (PMD) link design value. AllWave+ Fibre intermixes seamlessly with the installed base of single-mode fibres with a nominal mode field diameter of 9.2  $\mu m$ .

## **Product Description**

AllWave+ Fibre is a combination ITU-T G.652.D and G.657.A1 compliant fibre ideally designed for use in backhaul, metropolitan, and FTTX networks. Developed and manufactured by OFS, AllWave+ Fibre provides low and stable loss performance in the 1360 – 1460 nm E-band; plus it offers reduced bending loss to improve performance for applications operating in the bend-sensitive 1460 – 1625 nm S, C, and L bands. Its bending performance is far superior to the G.652.D Recommendation and compliant to the G.657. A1 Recommendation, supporting a minimum bend radius of 10 mm and lower bend loss than conventional single-mode fibres. This low bending loss provides improved performance and service reliability and helps to reduce the size of cables and terminals for lower cost installations. AllWave+ Fibre also has the same 9.2 micron mode field (light carrying) diameter of the installed base of single-mode fibres, such as AllWave Fibre, which enables seamless splicing, testing, and faster network turn-up.

With a composition of high purity synthetic silica throughout both the core and cladding, AllWave+ Fibre has stable and permanent low loss and mechanical reliability. OFS' patented ZWP fibre manufacturing process, which eliminates the hydrogen-aging defects, provides a 50% increase in usable spectrum compared to G.652.A and G.652.B fibre. What's more, its ultra-low PMD enables speed and distance upgrades. AllWave+ Fibre offers dramatically improved performance in almost every characteristic over conventional single-mode fibre and is fully backward compatible to any G.652 compliant single-mode fibre.

#### Features/Benefits:

- Low optical loss across the entire spectrum from 1260 – 1625 nm
- Lower bending loss for improved performance and service reliability, and to help reduce the size of cables and terminals
- A 9.2 micron nominal mode field diameter to facilitate splicing and testing
- Geometric control at the industry's tightest level for ultra-low splice loss and improved connector performance
- Low, stable loss performance in the 1360

   1460 nm E-band, enabling 16-channel
   CWDM, DWDM, and FTTX support on a single fibre
- Comprised of high purity synthetic silica for long-term attenuation stability and mechanical reliability
- Ultra-low fibre PMD allows for speed and distance upgrades

#### Compatible with Conventional Single-Mode Fibre, but with More Available Spectrum 1.2 0 L 0.9 (dB/km) 0.6 Loss 0.3 1300 1400 1500 1600 Wavelength (nm) AllWave ZWP AllWave ZWP Fibre has over Fibre has 100 nm MORE spectrum lower & stable loss throughout AllWave ZWP Fibre provides by removing up to 22.5% lower attenuation the water and longer range compared to peak defect "enhanced" or Low Water

Peak (LWP) fibres

## **Applications**

AllWave+ Fibre provides outstanding cable performance and design freedom for fibre management systems in:

- FTTX
- · Local access
- Mobile backhaul
- Metro access
- Metro edge
- Campus backbones
- Long haul

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For additional information please contact your sales representative.

You can also visit our website at: www.ofsoptics.com/ofs-fiber or call 1-888-fiberhelp (from inside the USA). For regional assistance, contact the global location closest to you.



A Furukawa Company



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## **Product Specifications**

## Physical Characteristics

Clad Diameter	125.0 ± 0.7 μm
Clad Non-Circularity	≤ 0.7 %
Core/Clad Concentricity Error (Offset)	≤ 0.5 µm, < 0.2 µm typically
Coating Diameter (Natural)	235 - 245 μm
Coating-Clad Concentricity Error (Offset)	≤ 12 µm
Tensile Proof Test (Other proof test levels available on request)	100 kpsi (0.69 GPa)
Coating Strip Force	Range: 1.0 N ≤ CSF ≤ 9.0 N
Standard Reel Lengths	Up to 50.4 km (31.3 miles)

#### **Optical Characteristics**

Attenuation	Maximum	Typical
at 1310 nm	≤ 0.34 dB/km	≤ 0.32 dB/km
at 1385 nm	≤ 0.31 dB/km	≤ 0.28 dB/km
at 1490 nm	≤ 0.24 dB/km	≤ 0.21 dB/km
at 1550 nm	≤ 0.21 dB/km	≤ 0.19 dB/km
at 1625 nm	≤ 0.24 dB/km	≤ 0.20 dB/km
Attenuation vs. Wavelength		
Range (nm)	Reference (nm) $\lambda$	α
1285 – 1330	1310	0.03
1360 – 1480	1385	0.04

The attenuation in a given wavelength range does not exceed the attenuation of the reference wavelength ( $\lambda$ ) by more than the value  $\alpha$ .

1550

1550

0.02

0.04

Attenuation Uniformity / Point Discontinuities	≤ 0.05 dB
at 1310 nm and 1550 nm	≥ 0.05 ub

#### Macrobending Attenuation:

1525 - 1575

1460 - 1625

The maximum attenuation with bending does not exceed the specified values under the following deployment conditions:

Deployment Condition	Wavelength	Induced Attenuation
1 turn on a 10 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.75 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 1.50 dB
10 turns on a 15 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.25 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 1.00 dB
100 turns on a 30 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.03 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 0.03 dB

Chromatic Dispersion	
Zero Dispersion Wavelength $(\lambda_0)$	1300 – 1322 nm

Zero Dispersion Slope ( $S_0$ )  $\leq 0.090 \text{ ps/nm}^2\text{-km}$ Typical Dispersion Slope 0.087 ps/nm²-km

#### Group Refractive Index

at 1310 nm	1.467
at 1550 pm	1 460

#### Mode Field Diameter

at 1310 nm	$9.2 \pm 0.4  \mu m$
at 1550 nm	$10.4 \pm 0.5  \mu m$
Cut-off Wavelength ( $\lambda_{\rm CC}$ )	≤ 1260 nm

#### Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD)<sup>1</sup>

Fibre PMD Link Design Value (LDV) <sup>2</sup>	< 0.04 ps/√km
Maximum Individual Fibre	< 0.1 ps/√km
Typical Fibre LMC PMD	< 0.02 ps/√km

- As measured with low mode coupling (LMC) technique in fibre form, value may change when cabled. Check with your cable manufacturer for specific PMD limits in cable form.
- The PMD Link Design Value complies with IEC 60794-3, September 2001 (N = 20, Q = 0.01%). Details are described in IEC 61282-3 TR Ed 2, October 2006.

#### Environmental Characteristics (at 1310, 1550 & 1625 nm)

Temperature Cycling (-60° + 85° C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km
High Temperature Aging (85 ± 2° C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Temperature & Humidity Cycling (at -10° C to +85° C and 85 to ~98% RH)	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Water Immersion (23 ± 2° C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km