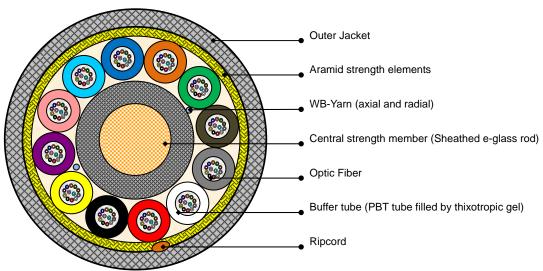


# All-Dielectric Self Supporting (ADSS) Aerial Loose Tube Fiber Optic Cable

# Power Guide® Short Span Dry Core Design



### Version illustrated is the 144 Fibre Cable

### <u>Features</u>

- Easily strippable sheath for quick, convenient cable preparation
- Dry Core Design Cable core water blocked by means of dry "water swellable" technology for quicker, cleaner cable prep for jointing
- Individual coloured tubes

Fibre Count	Tubes	Core Design	Outer Diameter [mm]	Cable Weight [kg/km]	Max Span [m]	Cable MRCL [kg]	Cable RBS [kg]	AT-Code*
144	12 (12F)	1+12 (0 Filler)	14.8+/-0,2	175	70	448	1156	AT-[ ][ ][ ]17UT-144-CMEA

This table shows nominal diameter and weight values which may differ in shipments.

<sup>\*</sup>Please refer to the OFS AT- Code. The blanks specify the fibre type.

Identification											
Tube an	d Fibre Co	olour Cod	e:								
1	Blue	2	Orange	3	Green	4	Brown	5	Grey	6	White
7	Red	8	Black	9	Yellow	10	Violet	11	Rose	12	Aqua

Alternative tube and fibre colour code available on request

### **Sheath Marking:**

# OFS OPTICAL CABLE [ID] [MM/YYYY] [Handset Sign] xxxF [Meter Marking]

Alternative sheath printing available on request.

In case of order the exact sheath printing text will be clarified with the customer.

Marking color is WHITE. In the event of a reprint being required, then this will be in YELLOW. Cable ends are sealed by thermoplastic cap.

Internal cable end is available for testing by customer.

# JSC "OFS SVIAZSTROY- 1 FIBER OPTIC CABLE COMPANY" Technical characteristics of fiber optic cable According TS 3587-007-51702873-2015



# Mechanical Properties and Environmental Behaviour

Tests according IEC 60794

Tests decording 1210 007	· ·			
	Parameter	Req	uirement	Value
Tensile Performance:	Long term load	_	No attenuation increase*	Load: 153 kg
IEC 60794-1-2-E1A and E1B		_	No fibre strain	
	Short term load,	_	No changes in attenuation	Load: 448 kg
	during installation		before versus after load	
		_	Max. fibre strain 0.3%	
Crush Performance: IEC 60794-1-2-E3	Long term load	_	No attenuation increase*	Load (Plate/Plate): 2000 N
	Short term load	_	No changes in attenuation	Load (Plate/Plate): 3000 N
			before versus after load	
		_	No damage**	
<b>Impact Performance:</b>	3 Impacts; 500 mm	_	No changes in attenuation	Load: 10 J
IEC 60794-1-2-E4	apart		before versus after load	
	Anvil: $R = 300 \text{ mm}$	_	No damage**	
<b>Bending Performance:</b>	Handling fixed installed	_	No attenuation increase*	Bend radius: 15 x D
IEC 60794-1-2-E11	During installation	_	No changes in attenuation	Bend radius: 20 x D
	(under Load)		before versus after load	D is cable diameter
<b>Temperatures:</b>	Operation	_	No attenuation increase*	-40 to +70°C
IEC 60794-1-2-F1	Installation			$-30 \text{ to } +60^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Storage/Shipping			-40 to +70°C

<sup>\*</sup> No changes in attenuation means that any changes in measurement value, either positive or negative within the uncertainty of measurement shall be ignored. The total uncertainty of measurement shall be less than of equal to 0.05 dB.

# Power Guide® Short Span Dry Core Cable Ordering Information Example: AT-[][][][17UT-NNN¹

Fiber <sup>2</sup> Sheath Core	Fiber Count	
Part Number: AT - S1 S2 SF S3 S4 S5 S6	- <u>N N N</u>	
S1 = Fiber Selection	$SF = Fiber Type^2$	S5 = Core Type
3 =1310/1550 nm (AllWave® One ZWP Fiber)	E = AllWave ZWP	U = 2.3  mm Gel-filled
6 =1550 nm (TrueWave® RS LWP Fiber)	6 = TrueWave RS LWP	Buffer Tubes
R =850/1300 nm (Multimode Fiber)	$9 = 62.5/125 \mu m$ Multimode	
	$2 = 50/125 \mu m$ Multimode	
S2 = Fiber Transmission Performance	S3 = Sheath Construction	S6 = Fibers per Tube
F =0.33/0.31/0.25/0.19/0.20 dB/km @	1 = Single Jacket ADSS	2 = 2 fibers
1310/1385/1490/1550/1625 nm (AllWave One		4 = 4 fibers
ZWP)		6 = 6 fibers
2 =0.25 dB/km @ 1550 nm (TrueWave RS LWP)		8 = 8 fibers
U =3.4/1.0 dB/km and 200/500 MHz-km @		N = 10 fibers
850/1300 nm (62.5 μm Multimode)		T = 12 fibers
K =2.5/0.7 dB/km and 500/500 MHz-km @	S4 = Tensile Load	NNN = Fiber Count
850/1300 nm (50 µm Multimode)	7 = PowerGuide Cable	=002-288

<sup>1</sup> Part Number shown is for standard AllWave One ZWP attenuation and standard cable print: Maximum AllWave One ZWP attenuation: 0.33/0.31/0.25/0.19/0.20 dB/km @ 1310/1385/1490/1550/1625 nm

<sup>\*\*</sup>Mechanical damage – when examined visually without magnification, there shall be no evidence of damage to the sheath. The imprint of plates will not be considered as damage.

<sup>2</sup> Contact OFS Order Management for information on other cable variations, including additional fi ber types, attenuation, and custom cable print.

# JSC "OFS SVIAZSTROY- 1 FIBER OPTIC CABLE COMPANY" Technical characteristics of fiber optic cable According TS 3587-007-51702873-2015



# Product Description: AT-XXX17UT-144-CMEA - Maximum Span 70 m

Loading Conditions: NESC HEAVY

Ice Thickness 12,7 mm

Wind Pressure 192 N/m^2 (63,6 km/hr)

Temperature -17,8 C Safety Factor 4,38 N/m

# Tension @ Maximum Span for 1 % Installation Sag

Short Term 448 kg Long Term 153 kg

Specifications:

Maximum Span70 mCable Weight0,175 kg/mCable Diameter14,8 mmInstallation Temp20 CCable Modulus447,6 kg/mm^2Linear Expansion Coefficient0,00001519 1 / C

Estimated Break Load 1156 kg

No Loading @ Install Temperature: 20 C			All Lo	ading Con	ditions @ Ter	mperature: -17,8	С	
Span	Sag	Install Sag	Tension	Vertical Sag	Tension	Vertical Sag	Horizontal Sag	Angle
m	m	%	kg	% of Span	kg	m	m	Deg
10	0,1	1,00	22	1,6	121	0,2	0,1	34
30	0,3	1,00	66	2,3	250	0,7	0,5	34
50	0,5	1,00	109	2,7	354	1,4	0,9	34
70	0,7	1,00	153	3,0	448	2,1	1,4	34





The industry's first zero water peak single-mode fibre for reliable full-spectrum performance + enhanced bend performance.

# Overview

AllWave®+ Zero Water Peak (ZWP) Single-Mode Optical Fibre improves performance for optical transmission systems operating over any part of the entire wavelength range from 1260 nm to 1625 nm compared with conventional single-mode fibre. AllWave+ Fibre offers the exceptional performance of our AllWave Fibre specifications along with a 40% smaller minimum bend radius, a 50% lower bend loss and a 33% improved polarization mode dispersion (PMD) link design value. AllWave+ Fibre intermixes seamlessly with the installed base of single-mode fibres with a nominal mode field diameter of 9.2  $\mu m$ .

# **Product Description**

AllWave+ Fibre is a combination ITU-T G.652.D and G.657.A1 compliant fibre ideally designed for use in backhaul, metropolitan, and FTTX networks. Developed and manufactured by OFS, AllWave+ Fibre provides low and stable loss performance in the 1360 – 1460 nm E-band; plus it offers reduced bending loss to improve performance for applications operating in the bend-sensitive 1460 – 1625 nm S, C, and L bands. Its bending performance is far superior to the G.652.D Recommendation and compliant to the G.657. A1 Recommendation, supporting a minimum bend radius of 10 mm and lower bend loss than conventional single-mode fibres. This low bending loss provides improved performance and service reliability and helps to reduce the size of cables and terminals for lower cost installations. AllWave+ Fibre also has the same 9.2 micron mode field (light carrying) diameter of the installed base of single-mode fibres, such as AllWave Fibre, which enables seamless splicing, testing, and faster network turn-up.

With a composition of high purity synthetic silica throughout both the core and cladding, AllWave+ Fibre has stable and permanent low loss and mechanical reliability. OFS' patented ZWP fibre manufacturing process, which eliminates the hydrogen-aging defects, provides a 50% increase in usable spectrum compared to G.652.A and G.652.B fibre. What's more, its ultra-low PMD enables speed and distance upgrades. AllWave+ Fibre offers dramatically improved performance in almost every characteristic over conventional single-mode fibre and is fully backward compatible to any G.652 compliant single-mode fibre.

### Features/Benefits:

- Low optical loss across the entire spectrum from 1260 – 1625 nm
- Lower bending loss for improved performance and service reliability, and to help reduce the size of cables and terminals
- A 9.2 micron nominal mode field diameter to facilitate splicing and testing
- Geometric control at the industry's tightest level for ultra-low splice loss and improved connector performance
- Low, stable loss performance in the 1360

   1460 nm E-band, enabling 16-channel
   CWDM, DWDM, and FTTX support on a single fibre
- Comprised of high purity synthetic silica for long-term attenuation stability and mechanical reliability
- Ultra-low fibre PMD allows for speed and distance upgrades

### Compatible with Conventional Single-Mode Fibre, but with More Available Spectrum 1.2 0 L 0.9 (dB/km) 0.6 Loss 0.3 1300 1400 1500 1600 Wavelength (nm) AllWave ZWP AllWave ZWP Fibre has over Fibre has 100 nm MORE spectrum lower & stable loss throughout AllWave ZWP Fibre provides by removing up to 22.5% lower attenuation the water and longer range compared to peak defect "enhanced" or Low Water

Peak (LWP) fibres

# **Applications**

AllWave+ Fibre provides outstanding cable performance and design freedom for fibre management systems in:

- FTTX
- Local access
- · Mobile backhaul
- Metro access
- Metro edge
- Campus backbones
- Long haul

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For additional information please contact your sales representative.

You can also visit our website at: www.ofsoptics.com/ofs-fiber or call 1-888-fiberhelp (from inside the USA). For regional assistance, contact the global location closest to you.



A Furukawa Company



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# **Product Specifications**

Physical Characteristics	
Clad Diameter	125.0 ± 0.7 μm
Clad Non-Circularity	≤ 0.7 %
Core/Clad Concentricity Error (Offset)	≤ 0.5 µm, < 0.2 µm typically
Coating Diameter (Natural)	235 - 245 μm
Coating-Clad Concentricity Error (Offset)	≤ 12 µm
Tensile Proof Test (Other proof test levels available on request)	100 kpsi (0.69 GPa)
Coating Strip Force	Range: 1.0 N ≤ CSF ≤ 9.0 N

Up to 50.4 km (31.3 miles)

1550

1550

0.02

0.04

### **Optical Characteristics**

Standard Reel Lengths

Maximum	Typical
≤ 0.34 dB/km	≤ 0.32 dB/km
≤ 0.31 dB/km	≤ 0.28 dB/km
≤ 0.24 dB/km	≤ 0.21 dB/km
≤ 0.21 dB/km	≤ 0.19 dB/km
≤ 0.24 dB/km	≤ 0.20 dB/km
Reference (nm) $\lambda$	α
1310	0.03
1385	0.04
	≤ 0.34 dB/km ≤ 0.31 dB/km ≤ 0.24 dB/km ≤ 0.21 dB/km ≤ 0.24 dB/km Reference (nm) λ

The attenuation in a given wavelength range does not exceed the attenuation of the reference wavelength ( $\lambda$ ) by more than the value  $\alpha$ .

Attenuation Uniformity / Point Discontinuities	≤ 0.05 dB
at 1310 nm and 1550 nm	≥ 0.05 0Þ

### Macrobending Attenuation:

1525 - 1575

1460 - 1625

The maximum attenuation with bending does not exceed the specified values under the following deployment conditions:

Deployment Condition	Wavelength	Induced Attenuation
1 turn on a 10 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.75 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 1.50 dB
10 turns on a 15 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.25 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 1.00 dB
100 turns on a 30 mm radius mandrel	1550 nm	≤ 0.03 dB
	1625 nm	≤ 0.03 dB

C	hrom	atic	Disp	ers	ion

Zero Dispersion Wavelength $(\lambda_0)$	1300 – 1322 nm
Zero Dispersion Slope (S <sub>0</sub> )	≤ 0.090 ps/nm²-km
Typical Dispersion Slope	0.087 ps/nm <sup>2</sup> -km

### Group Refractive Index

at 1310 nm	1.467
at 1550 nm	1 /69

### Mode Field Diameter

at 1310 nm	$9.2 \pm 0.4  \mu m$
at 1550 nm	$10.4 \pm 0.5 \mu m$
Cut-off Wavelength ( $\lambda_{CC}$ )	≤ 1260 nm

## Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD)<sup>1</sup>

Fibre Pivid Link Design Value (LDV)	< 0.04 ps/√km
Maximum Individual Fibre	< 0.1 ps/√km
Typical Fibre LMC PMD	$< 0.02 \text{ ps/}\sqrt{\text{km}}$

0.01%). Details are described in IEC 61282-3 TR Ed 2, October 2006.

As measured with low mode coupling (LMC) technique in fibre form, value may change when cabled. Check with your cable manufacturer for specific PMD limits in cable form.
 The PMD Link Design Value complies with IEC 60794-3, September 2001 (N = 20, Q =

# Environmental Characteristics (at 1310, 1550 & 1625 nm)

Temperature Cycling (-60° + 85° C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km	
High Temperature Aging (85 ± 2º C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km	
Temperature & Humidity Cycling (at -10° C to +85° C and 85 to ~98% RH)	≤ 0.05 dB/km	
Water Immersion (23 ± 2° C)	≤ 0.05 dB/km	